St. Julie's Catholic High School



KS4 Curriculum

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Respond: Adapt, Re-Teach/move learning forward Question, Assess & Feedback

The Considered Lesson Format

All lessons across all subject areas follow the considered lesson format. This was most recently updated in January 2023 with a particular focus on how teachers provide feedback to students.



Identify: PP, SEN, HPAB, Red/Amber Readers

Question, Assess & Feedback

St. Julie's Catholic High School

CONSIDERED LESSON FORMAT



The Considered Lesson Format (CLF) has been developed to put Barak Rosenshine's 'Principles of Instruction' into practice. The purpose of the CLF is so that students benefit from a consistent approach to teaching & learning. In planning lessons please ensure that the features of the CLF clearly deliver the approved schemes of work in your department and build on prior learning. Lessons should be well planned for delivery in small pieces, progressing through an ambitious curriculum. Also, students must be supported in their learning through the correct and consistent application of rewards & sanctions, outlined in the behavior for learning policy.

application of rewards & salictions, outlined in the behavior for learning policy.			
Reflection time to review prior knowledge	Short review of prior knowledge to consolidate learning, identify misconceptions/errors, comprehension questions. Develop schema, connect prior knowledge to new learning.		
Adaptive teaching to address the needs of all students	Present new material in small steps with student practice after each step. Limit the amount of material students receive at one time. Adapt lessons to ensure all students can meet the expectations of the lesson. Adaptive teaching should ensure all students have access to the full curriculum.		
Contextualised with a focus on students' knowledge and understanding	Relate knowledge to a relevant application. Students must know how new knowledge fits in with prior knowledge and how it fits into context (schema). (It is not about why it is needed for the GCSE specification or exam).		
Modelled answers to show requirements, standards and tackle the misconceptions	High-quality initial teaching which includes clear and detailed instructions and explanations. Think aloud and model steps. Provide models of worked-out problems.		
Questioning to meet students' needs, then focus on the content and the process.	Ask a large number of questions to a range of pupils and check for understanding. Question for prior knowledge, understanding and misconceptions. Ask all students to explain what they have learned.		
Homework that is linked to classwork	Make purpose of homework clear. Provide a high level of practice for all students. Support knowledge recall and skills development.		
Independent practice time and recap on knowledge, understanding and application plus link to next lesson	Prepare students for independent practice. Guide students as they begin to practice. Monitor and support students as they work independently. Re-teach knowledge when necessary. Balance exposition, repetition, practice and retrieval of knowledge and skills.		
Communication	Provide multiple opportunities for pupils to see and use vocabulary. Develop the number of words students know (breadth) and their understanding of relationships between words and the contexts in which words can be used (depth). Provide opportunities for all pupils to		



Communication

Question, Assess & Feedback

justify and give both written and verbal reasons for their solutions. Provide reading opportunities in every lesson that include development of comprehension, decoding and automaticity, using a range of strategies.





1

Circulate: Throughout the lesson, monitor all pupils

Question, Assess & Feedback

Assessment

At St. Julie's Catholic High School, our assessment policy will focus on the following three areas:

- Lay the foundations for effective feedback, with high-quality initial teaching that includes careful formative assessment
- Deliver appropriately timed feedback, that focuses on moving learning forward
- Plan for how pupils will receive and use feedback using strategies to ensure that pupils will act on the feedback offered.

Formative Assessment

St Julie's Formative Assessment during lessons may include the following:

- Reflection and consolidation tasks to support prior knowledge, support retrieval and build students' long-term memory store.
- Low stakes and diagnostic questioning to unpick common misconceptions
- Chunked and scaffold learning to ensure that students' schema is built incrementally and securely
- Peer and self-assessment
- In-class live marking by the teacher
- Monitoring of SPaG using the following codes; Sp = Spelling error, Gr = Grammar error, P = Punctuation error
- Automated homework will support ongoing formative assessment using in-house school systems

SSAT Case Study

"A culture of risk-taking and collaboration, a focus on workload reduction and staff wellbeing, and a commitment to changing the feedback policy have underpinned the successful adoption of the Embedding Formative Assessment at St Julie's Catholic High School."

St Julie's were recommended by the SSAT to be used as a case study on successful implementation and development of formative assessment techniques.

Summative Assessment

- Three summative assessment points per year 1 per term
- Summative assessments must assess composite and component knowledge across the expanding domain and be of requisite rigour, challenge and length
- Each summative assessment will be standardised across the subject
- Summative assessments will be moderated within and across departments
- Summative assessment will test students' progress through the curriculum and identify any knowledge gaps

Further details can be found in our Assessment Policy on the school website

Curriculum Progression Sheets

EEF Guidance report on Metacognition

"A series of steps—beginning with activating prior knowledge and leading to independent practice before ending in structured reflection—can be applied to different subjects".

To support pupils to plan, monitor and evaluate their own learning, pupils need to know their place in the curriculum.

Curriculum progression sheets linked directly the curriculum are given prior to each topic across all subject areas each half term to enable this.

Example KS3 Science



1	. Life Processes	
	If something can do all 7 life	
	processes it is considered a	
Life	'living thing'	
Processes	They <u>are;</u> movement,	
Processes	reproduction, sensitivity,	
	growth, respiration,	
	excretion and nutrition.	
Organism	A living thing.	
	Being able to move from	
Movement	place to place or move part	
	of themselves.	
Reproduction	Being able to make more	
Keproduction	living things like themselves.	
Sensitivity	Being able to sense and react	
Sensitivity	to things around them.	
Growth	Being able to increase in size.	
Respiration	Being able to release energy	
Kespiration	through respiration.	
Excretion	Being able to get rid of waste	
Excretion	materials.	
	Taking in substances (such as	
Nutrition	food) to help carry out the	
	other processes.	
2 Organs		
	2. Organs	
	A part of animals or plants	
Organ	that does an important job-	

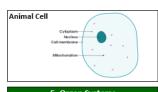
Nutrition	food) to help carry out the	
	other processes.	
2. Organs		
Organ	A part of animals or plants that does an important job- made up of different tissues.	
Function	The job or role something has.	
Brain	Controls the body.	
Skin	The bodies biggest organ- used for protection and sensing things.	

	Take in oxygen for	
Lungs	respiration and excrete	
	carbon dioxide.	
	Pumps blood around the	
Heart	body.	
	Makes and destroys	
Liver	substances.	
	Clean the blood and	
Kidneys	produce urine to excrete	
	waste.	
Bladder	Stores urine.	
Stomach	Breaks up food.	
	Breaks up food and	
Small Intestine	absorbs it.	
	Removes water from	
Large Intestine	unwanted food.	
	Stores faeces (waste	
Rectum	material)	
material) Human Organs		
riuman Organi		
Brain	Mouth	
	Windgipe (Trachea)	
Throat (cesphagus)	(Irachea)	
Right Lung	Heart (behind the lung)	
Diaphragm		
	Stemach	
Liver	Large intestine	
Kidney	Small intestine	
Skin	Bladder	
	Traps sunlight to make	
Leaf	food for a plant.	
	Carries substances around	
Stem		
	a plant. Holds the plant in place	
Root	and takes in water and	
RUUL		
	other substances.	
Photosynthesi	The process by which a	
	plant makes its own food.	
3. Tissues		
Groups of the same cells		
Tissues doing the same job- make u		
,		

тпе пеат	blood as well as fat tissue to		
	protect it.		
Root Hair	Small hairs on the outside of		
Tissue	roots which help to take in as		
rissue	much water as possible.		
	The tissue which carries		
Xylem Tissue	water up through plants from		
	the roots.		
	4. Cells		
	The basic units from which		
Cells	all tissues and living things		
	are made from.		
	When something has		
Specialised	features that allow it to do a		
1	particular job.		
Cell Surface			
Membrane	leaves the cell.		
Nucleus	Controls the cell.		
0.1	Jelly like substance where		
Cytoplasm	chemical reactions happen.		
Mitochondria	(mitochondrion- singular)		
wiitochonuria	Where respiration happens.		
	Make food for the plant		
Chloroplasts	using photosynthesis-		
	contains chlorophyll.		
Cell Wall	Strengthens and supports		
CEII WAII	the cell- made of cellulose.		
Vacuole	Storage space filled with cell		
Vacuole	sap.		
Plant Cell			
Cytoplasm			
Nucleus			
Cell membrane			
Cellulose cell wal			
Mitochondrion Permanent vacuole			
Chloroplast			

Made up of muscle tissue so

it can move and pump the



5. Organ Systems			
Organ Systems	A collection of organs working together.		
Circulatory System	Heart, blood vessels Carries oxygen and nutrients around the body.		
Digestive System	Gullet, stomach, intestines Breaks down food and takes nutrients into the blood.		
Locomotor System	Muscles, bones Enables the body to move.		
Urinary System	Kidneys, bladder Gets rid of waste materials produced in the body.		
Breathing System	Lungs, trachea Allows exchange of gases between blood and lungs.		
Nervous System	Brain, nerves, spinal cord Allows the body to sense things and react to them.		
Water Transport System	Roots, stem, leaves Transports water around the plant.		

Lesson	Date
1. Life	
Processes	
2. Organs	
3. Tissues	
4. Cells	
5. Organ Systems	

Pupil Feedback

'It's good to keep track of what unit I'm up too and what I need to revise'

'It's a very good tool to use to have a good overview of the topic especially for revision'

'The information needed is summarized and sometimes has references for further

research'

Subject area	English Language		
Curriculum Intent	During their study of English Language, our curriculum model allows for an engaging approach to the teaching of analytical reading skills, as well as honing creative writing skills and writing with a voice for non-fiction purposes. Students develop transferable skills, besides which the course offers excellent preparation for A-Level courses. English Language equips students with vital life skills, and promotes progression in future study and employment. In English Language, pupils continue to develop reading skills to understand and analyse texts between the 19th and 21st centuries, as well as gaining opportunities to compose writing for different purposes, developing ideas and using appropriate and accurate vocabulary, syntax, spelling, punctuation and grammatical skills. A compulsory Speaking and Listening component is also undertaken, which enables pupils to make presentations, engage in lively debate and develop their speaking confidence.		
Year	Term	Content	
	1	Creative and Imaginative Texts	
10	2	Literary Non-Fiction: Reading Speakers' Viewpoints and Perspectives: Spoken Language Creative Writing Through Poetry	
	1	Explorations in Creative Reading and Writing	
11	2	Writers' Viewpoints and Perspectives	
	3	Language skills	

Subject area	English Literature		
	At St Julie's, our curriculum model for literature allows for an engaging approach to the teaching of content, alongside the close drilling of skills. Each pupil has three lessons of English Literature a week at KS4.		
Curriculum Intent	on their key stage t	e, we take a skills-based approach that is consistent across the genres. Building three experience of literature, the course gives students a deeper and robust ge of memorable literature. Broad and close analysis of texts enables students to ation of unfamiliar contexts, and wider themes and issues that remain relevant ary reader.	
	Students develop transferable skills, besides which the course offers excellent preparation Level courses and beyond. Literature study equips students with vital life skills, and promo progression in future study and employment.		
Year	Term	Term Content	
	1	Jekyll and Hyde	
10	2	Blood Brothers	
	3	Macbeth	
	1	Love and Relationships Poetry Unseen Poetry	
11	2	Revision of set texts	
	3	Revision of set texts	

Subject area	Maths		
Curriculum Intent	At Key Stage 4 our curriculum continues to provide pupils with an opportunity to develop the Mathematic skills that are essential for everyday life and the next stage of their education whilst building on knowledge and skills developed at Key Stage 3. Pupils will continue to develop fluency, mathematical reasoning and demonstrate problem solving skills. They should also apply their Mathematical knowledge wherever relevant in other subjects and real life. Key Stage 4 Mathematics significantly contributes to pupils Cultural Capital development through the interconnection of Mathematical ideas and concepts with a focus on how Mathematics can be applied to the real world. Our curriculum is fully inclusive with high ambition for all pupils, by the end of Key Stage 4 Mathematics all pupils need to be able to move fluently between representations of Mathematical ideas and concepts. The Curriculum plan is clearly set out with a focus on the sequence and structure of how subject content is taught.		
Year	Term	Content	
10	2	Congruence, similarity and enlargement Trigonometry Solutions of equations and inequalities Simultaneous Equations Bearings Circles and 3D shapes Vectors Ratio and fractions Percentages and interest Probability Collecting, representing and interpreting data Non-calculator methods Sequences Indices and roots Manipulating expressions	
11	2	Percentages Gradient and lines Non-linear graphs Using graphs Expanding and factorising Changing the subject Functions Multiplicative reasoning Geometric reasoning Algebraic reasoning Average Transforming and constructing Handling data Proof	
	3	Revision and consolidation	

Science		
Our key stage 4 (KS4) curriculum offering is designed to develop and deepen the concepts taught at KS3. To deepen understanding we take pupils' existing schema and introduce it to new concepts therefore developing and reinforcing key ideas through real life context. We continue to link the scientific concepts mandated to us in the National Curriculum to real life applications, but we do not hesitate to go further if it helps pupils to understand the real world. This enables pupils to investigate the world around them and provides evidence of how science underpins most of the technological advancements in the developed world. Science is moving forward at a faster pace than ever before. It is essential that pupils possess the scientific capital to understand developments and potentially contribute to new scientific endeavours. Science is a knowledge driven subject, but we encourage students to grapple with difficult concepts as this develops resilience, which is a fundamental life skill. Other skills intrinsic to a good scientist include logical thinking, methodical approach to process, critical evaluation of data, and the ability to remain curious about natural phenomena. Using skills that science teaches us, we can begin to understand how our life is driven by common ideas which include: that every effect has one or more cause, change is driven by interaction between objects or systems, and that interactions can occur over great distances and time periods. While we do teach three different branches of science, we interleave them in such a way that key concepts are continually and sequentially built upon. All pupils, regardless of qualification will be taught each branch of science concurrently to avoid fallow periods of time which would make recall and retention more challenging. Knowing more and remembering more is our key principle, we do this by linking sciences, topics, concepts and ideas with continual guided reflection. The curriculum is designed to allow pupils equal coverage of biology, chemistry and p		
Term	Content	
1	4.2 Organisation5.2 Bonding, Structure and the Properties of Matter4.3 Infection and Response	6.2 Electricity 6.3 Particle Model of Matter
2	5.3 Quantitative Chemistry 5.4 Chemical Changes 4.4 Bioenergetics	6.4 Atomic Structure 6.5 Forces
3	5.5 Energy Changes	Space (combined science)
1	4.6 Inheritance, Variation and Evolution 5.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemical Change	5.7 Organic Chemistry 6.6 Waves
3	4.7 Ecology 5.8 Chemical Analysis 5.10 Using Resources	5.9 Chemistry of The Atmosphere 6.7 Magnetism and Electromagnetism Space (Triple Science)
	KS3. To deepen und therefore developing scientific concepts not hesitate to go for investigate the work technological advantant ever before. It developments and driven subject, but resilience, which is thinking, methodical curious about nature how our life is driven by great distances and While we do teach concepts are conting taught each branch and retention more this by linking scient is designed to allow a full range of scient problem-solving skienvironments. Term 1 2 3	Our key stage 4 (KS4) curriculum offering is designed to dev KS3. To deepen understanding we take pupils' existing sche therefore developing and reinforcing key ideas through real scientific concepts mandated to us in the National Curriculu not hesitate to go further if it helps pupils to understand the investigate the world around them and provides evidence of technological advancements in the developed world. Science than ever before. It is essential that pupils possess the sciend developments and potentially contribute to new scientific driven subject, but we encourage students to grapple with resilience, which is a fundamental life skill. Other skills intributinking, methodical approach to process, critical evaluation curious about natural phenomena. Using skills that science how our life is driven by common ideas which include: that change is driven by interaction between objects or systems great distances and time periods. While we do teach three different branches of science, we is concepts are continually and sequentially built upon. All put taught each branch of science concurrently to avoid fallow and retention more challenging. Knowing more and remem this by linking sciences, topics, concepts and ideas with conis designed to allow pupils equal coverage of biology, chem a full range of scientific knowledge to develop their observe problem-solving skills and mathematical skills, both in the lienvironments. Term 4.2 Organisation 5.2 Bonding, Structure and the Properties of Matter 4.3 Infection and Response 5.3 Quantitative Chemistry 5.4 Chemical Changes 4.5 Homeostasis 5.5 Energy Changes 4.6 Inheritance, Variation and Evolution 5.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemical Change 4.7 Ecology 5.8 Chemical Analysis

Subject area	F	Religious Education
Curriculum Intent	The curriculum at Key Stage 4 builds on the work started at KS3 and, once again, it follows the guidelines laid down by the Bishops of England and Wales. At St Julie's, students will start the GCSE in the January of Year 9, thereby allowing enough time for students to explore units in greater depth and to allow for the development of SMSC across the learning experiences. Regular revision coupled with formative and summative (end of unit) assessments, encourage students to know and remember more, whilst reflecting on their own faith journeys. The curriculum is adaptive allowing for equality of access for all students and the sequencing of units is regularly reviewed to match ambition and to ensure a clear rationale for learning and teaching. As a Catholic Christian community, the key focus is on Church and Gospel values but within a modern world; students will also explore Judaism and how this has influenced Christianity today.	
Year	Term Content	
10	1 2 3	Triune God Redemption Church and Kingdom of God Eschatology Religion, Relationships and Families Religion, Peace and Conflict
11	1 2 3	Religion, Peace and Conflict Judaism: Beliefs and Teachings Judaism: Practices Mastery and Recall Mastery and Recall

Subject area		History	
Curriculum Intent	History allows for students to develop their knowledge and understanding of specific events, eras, peoples and nations from a world wide range. It allows for both a deep and meaningful understanding of the world that we live in. allows you to gain knowledge of the powerful and a deep understanding of the world in which we live today. Studying History informs the present and gives you the skills you need to prepare for the future. Paper 1: Understanding the Modern World (50%) Section A: Germany, 1890-1945: Democracy and dictatorship A focus on the development of Germany over a half century of change and turbulation. It was a period of democracy and dictatorship - the development and collapse of democracy and the rise and fall of Nazism. Section B: The inter-war years, 1918-1939 It focuses on the causes of the Second World War and seeks to show how and why conflict occurred and why it proved difficult to resolve the issues which caused it, including both significant individuals, events and organisations. Paper 2: Shaping the nation (50%) Section A: Britain: Health and the people: c1000 to the present day A thematic study understanding of how medicine and public health developed in Britain over a long period of time. It considers the causes, scale, nature and consequences of short and long term developments, their impact on British society and how they were related to the key features and characteristics of the periods during which they took place. Section B: Elizabethan England, c1568-1603 The Elizabethan unit is a depth study, of a specified period, the last 35 years of Elizabeth I's reign. The study will focus on major events of Elizabeth I's reign considered from economic, religious, political, social and cultural standpoints, and arising contemporary and historical controversies.		
	The four externally examined units will be taken at the end of Year 11. Paper 1 is worth 50% of the qualification through a written examination of 2 hours. Paper 2 is also worth 50% and is a written examination of 2 hours.		
Year	Term Content		
10	1	Germany Democracy and Dictatorship- Life under the Nazis Germany Democracy and Dictatorship- Nazi Control The Interwar Years- The Treaty of Versailles The Interwar Years- The League of Nations The Interwar Years- The League of Nations	
	3	Britain: Health and the People- Medieval Medicine Britain: Health and the People- Renaissance Britain: Health and the People- Modern Medicine Britain Health and the People- Into the 21 st Century	
	1	Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Elizabeth and her court Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Court Life Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Difficulties of a female ruler	
11	2	Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Elizabeth and her problems Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Marriage and succession Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Uprising and rebellion	
	3	Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Religious Matters Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Troubles at home Elizabethan England, c1568-1603- Troubles abroad Elizabethan England, c1568-1603	

Subject area		Geography
Curriculum Intent	As our understanding and appreciation for the world we live in continues to grow, prospects in Geography increase. Many of the significant issues we face around the globe can only truly be addressed when viewing them through a geographical lens. The demand for Geographers who are understanding of the complexities of our world, has never been so high. Geography is a highly employable qualification, which opens up a wide range of careers. Geography graduates have one of the highest rates of graduate employment. The subject supports the development of a wide range of transferable and highly employable skills, such as data analysis, evaluation, decision-making and problem solving. Geography, as a varied and contemporary choice, also complements well with a wide range of subjects as it balances between the sciences and the arts.	
Year	Term Content	
10	1 2 3	Coastal Landscapes River Landscapes Weather Hazards and Climate Change Ecosystem Biodiversity and Management Urbanisation Changing Cities Introduction to fieldwork – Constructing a field enquiry
11	1 2 3	Geographical Investigations – Urban Fieldwork Global Development Resource Management – Energy UK Challenges The UK settlement, population and economic challenges The UK's landscape challenges

Subject area	MFL			
Curriculum Intent	At KS4 pupils are building on their acquired schema and the learning aims to develop logically from study at KS3. The four attainment targets remain at the core of learning and assessment as well as the acquisition of new tenses and grammar structures. Year 11 curriculum has been designed to be engaging, ambitious and accessible to all learners and to provide the learner with linguistic and cultural knowledge under the umbrella of three themes: Theme 1: Identity and culture. Theme 2: Local, national, international and global areas of interest. Theme 3: Current and future study and employment. Year 10 pupils have a new GCSE and the curriculum ais to foster communication, broaden perspectives, introduce new cultures, and develop students into global citizens studying the following themes: • My personal world • Lifestyle and wellbeing • My neighbourhood • Media and technology • Studying and my future • Travel & Tourism			
Year	Term Content			
	1	Viajes: Holidays & festivals in the Spanish speaking world.		
10	2	Mi gente, mi mundo: Family & relationships		
	3	<i>Mi estilo de vida:</i> healthy daily routines, food & mealtimes, illnesses and injuries, wellbeing.		
	1	- A clase: School life		
11	2	Ciudades: Local area and Spanish Speaking cities.		
	Hacia un mundo mejor: Towards a better world - Environment Volunteering			

Subject area	Business Studies		
Curriculum Intent	The study of business at key stage 4 equips students with value transferable skills that they can take onto into future learning or employment. The study of business at KS4 is not just for aspiring business owners but a valuable knowledge bank for every single student who will one day engage in the world of work and will therefore benefit from understanding how and why organisation both in the public and private sector operate in the way that they do. The study of business at KS4 allows learners to understand the world they live in and enables them to develop ideas and opinions on topics and issues that will affect them.		
Year	Term	Content	
9	3	The nature of business activity Providing goods and services Business enterprise Business planning	
	1	Business aims and objectives Business ownership Business growth Business location and site The interdependent nature of business	
10	2	Technology Ethics Environment Economy Globalisation Legislation	
	3	Production Quality The supply chain Sales process	
	1	Sources of Finance Revenue and Costs Profit and Loss accounts Cash Flow Financial performance	
11	2	Identifying and understanding customers Market research Product Price Promotion Place	
	3	Recruitment Training Motivation Organisation	

Subject area	Sociology		
Curriculum Intent	The study of Sociology at key stage 4 offer students an insight into social and cultural issues. It helps to develop an open minded and critical approach to contemporary the issues of culture, identity, families, education, and social equality. Students investigate key questions such as 'What are British values?', 'How is Identity formed?', 'Are some family types better than others?', 'Why do some students perform better in education than others?', 'Does the structure of society force people to commit crime?' and 'How are life chances affected by social class?'. Transferable skills acquired included the ability to investigate facts and make deductions based on evidence, to develop opinions and new ideas on social issues and the ability to analyse and better understand the social world. Students will develop their communication skills by comparing and contrasting reasoned arguments and making substantiated conclusions based on evidence.		
Year	Term Content		
9	3	Key Concepts and Cultural Transmission Families	
10	1 2 3	Families Research Methods Research Methods Applied Methods Education Education	
11	1 2 3	Crime and Deviance Stratification and Inequality Revision and exam skills.	

Subject area	Creative IMedia		
Curriculum Intent	The Cambridge National in Creative iMedia equips students with the wide range of knowledge and skills needed to work in the creative digital media sector as well as many other sectors of the economy. Students start by looking at pre-production and develop their skills through practical assignments as they create final multimedia products, embedding knowledge and building upon pre-existing skills throughout. This builds upon what they have learnt at Ks3 including creating digital content to achieve a given goal as well making judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience.		
Year	Term	Con	tent
9	3	Visual identity and digital graphics Digital graphics for products Graphics for product layout Rastor and Vector graphics	Assets Mood boards Pre-production documents
10	1 2 3	Visual Identity and digital graphics Target Audience Planning professional graphics Coursework assignment R094 Coursework assignment R097 Media industry, sectors and products Job roles in the Media	Professional graphic Image editing software Practice assignment R094 Practice assignment R097 Audience, demographics and segmentation Research methods, sources and types of data Media codes
	1	Traditional and new Media Products in the Media industry Job roles in the Media industry Purpose Style, content and layout	Client requirements Client brief formats Categories of audience segmentation Primary and secondary research data Media codes
11	2	Work planning Documents used to support idea generation Documents used to design and plan media products Legal considerations to protect individuals	Intellectual property rights Regulation, certification, and classification Health and Safety
	3	Distribution platforms and media to reach audiences Properties and formats of media files Image files	Audio files Moving Image files File compression

Subject area		Art	
Curriculum Intent	Art and Design encourages self-expression and creativity and can build confidence as well as a sense of individual identity. Creativity can also help with wellbeing. Studying art helps to improve analytical, communication and research skills, it enables pupils to develop their critical thinking and the ability to interpret the world around them. Students studying GCSE Art, Craft and Design will practically explore themes through a range of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional processes and media. Emphasis will be placed on student's recording of ideas from primary images, the practical application of skills and the development of relevant critical and contextual sources such as the work of artists, craftspeople and designers. Students will develop an understanding of the different purposes, intentions and functions of art, craft and design as appropriate to their own work. They will build upon the skills introduced at KS3 whilst being encouraged to work with more independence and purpose. They will be encouraged to review and modify their work as it progresses, making artistic decisions and judgements based on their own and others' evaluations. Pupils will apply their knowledge and understanding to generate ideas and create planned and developed personal outcomes that link with their portfolio theme. They will develop their use of specialist art vocabulary and understand the importance of supporting opinions with reasoning. They will be able to articulate their thought process from initial ideas and observations, processes, experiments and discoveries through to the realisation of their ideas. Pupils will be encouraged to reflect on their work, justify their creative decisions and learn from any challenges they faced. The KS4 curriculum is divided into two components. Component one consists of students creating a portfolio of their own work based on a series of themes and is worth 60% of the final grade, component two is an externally set task worth 40% of the final grade. Throughout the course students w		
Year	Term Content		
10	1 2 3	Creative Making – Oil Pastel Visual Recording – Grid Method Visual Recording – Experimental Drawing Creative Making – Acrylic Painting Creative Making – Surface Pattern Creative Making – Textiles Contextual Studies Critical Studies Combining Artists	
11	1 2 3	Critical Studies Portfolio – Personal Response Externally Set Assignment Externally Set Assignment	

Subject area	H	lospitality & Catering
Curriculum Intent	According to the British Hospitality Association, hospitality and catering is Britain's fourth largest industry and accounts for around 10% of the total workforce. Since 2010, over 25% of all new jobs have been within the hospitality and catering sector with most new roles falling within the 18-24 age groups. The ability to plan, prepare and present food is an essential skill within the hospitality and catering industry. The WJEC Vocational Award in Hospitality and Catering equips you with theoretical knowledge about the industry as well as enabling you to develop practical skills in planning, preparing and cooking a variety of dishes. Our curriculum will enable them to have a more in depth understanding and application of sources, sustainability and environmental issues related to food production and the industry. They will develop vital skills that enable them to feed themselves and others affordably and nutritiously, now and in later life. Unit 1 The Hospitality and catering industry: In this unit you will focus on learning about different types of providers, legislation, food safety and the roles and responsibilities within the sector. Unit 2 Hospitality and catering in action: you will develop practical skills for planning, preparing, cooking and presenting nutritional dishes meeting the client needs. Each of the units of the WJEC Level 1/2 Vocational Award in Hospitality and Catering have been designed so that knowledge, skills and understanding are developed through tasks that have many of the characteristics of real work in the sector.	
Year	Term	Content
	1	Unit 1: Hospitality and catering industry Introduction to establishments and providers Working in the hospitality industry Working conditions in the hospitality and catering industry Unit 2. Practical skill development
10	2	Unit 1: Hospitality and catering Industry Contributing factors to the success of hospitality and catering industry. Unit 2: Hospitality and Catering in Action Nutritional and functions of ingredients Cooking methods Menu planning
	Unit 2: Hospitality and Catering in Action Challenge tasks for practical Vegan diet menu Mock Controlled Assessment Practical mock dish 1 & dish 2 Practical assessment / portfolio of work analysing the design brief	
	1	Unit 2: Hospitality and Catering in Action recap on nutritional information Unit 2 Controlled Assessment internal written exam 9 hours Practical exam (3 hours)
11	2	Practical Exam. Evaluating cooking techniques. Unit 1: Hospitality and catering in industry. Revision / past papers Externally set Exam in January
	3	Unit 1: Hospitality and catering. Revision past papers External set Exam in June

Subject area	PE (GCSE)		
Curriculum Intent	 Develop theoretical knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin physical activity and sport and use this knowledge to improve performance. Understand how the physiological and psychological state affects performance in physical activity and sport. Perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/or compositional ideas. Develop their ability to analyse and evaluate to improve performance in physical activity and sport. Understand the contribution which physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and wellbeing. Understand key socio-cultural influences which can affect people's involvement in physical activity and sport. 		
Year	Term Content		
9	GCSE PE Course Begins (HT5) Key Area 1 - Health Training and Exercise (Health, Fitness and Wellbeing, & Nutrition, Components of Fitness, Methods of Training)		
	1	Key Area 1 – Health Training and Exercise (Principles of training) Key Area 5 – Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport (Participation and provision, Performance, Commercialisation and deviance)	
10	2	Key Area 5 – Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport (Participation and provision, Performance, Commercialisation and deviance) Key Area 2 – Exercise Physiology (Cardio-Respiratory and Vascular Systems, Aerobic & Anaerobic Exercise, Short- & long-term effects of exercise)	
	3	Key Area 2 – Exercise Physiology (Cardio-Respiratory and Vascular Systems, Aerobic & Anaerobic Exercise, Short- & long-term effects of exercise) Key Area 3 – Movement Analysis (Muscle Contractions, Levers, Planes and Axes of movement, Sports Technology)	
	1	Key Area 4 – Psychology of sport and physical activity (Goal setting, Mental preparation and motivation, Information Processing, Classification of skills, Guidance and practice)	
11	2	Key Area 4 – Psychology of sport and physical activity (Goal setting, Mental preparation and motivation, Information Processing, Classification of skills, Guidance and practice) Reconsolidation of Key 1 and 2	
	3	Revisit and reconsolidation of previous topic knowledge (Key Areas 3, 4 & 5)	

Subject area	PE (Core)		
Curriculum Intent	 Give students the motivation to lead a life of physical exercise and active participation through a broad and balanced curriculum. Inspire individuals to have a lifelong interest in health, fitness and happiness. Explore opportunities to further a career in sport and physical exercise. Give students the tools to increase their knowledge of the importance of health and wellbeing. To access the opportunities of further sport and active participation out of school and enrichment. Students should use key vocabulary in a range of different contexts, building their terminology in a range of areas. To make critical choices and decisions around their health and wellbeing. Have an understating of the importance of diet and lifelong positive choices to remain physically and mentally strong. They should get involved in a range of activities that develops personal fitness and promotes an active, healthy lifestyle. Pupils should be taught to use and develop a variety of tactics and strategies to overcome opponents in team and individual games. Examples include badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis. They should develop their technique and improve their performance in other competitive sports Look to take part in further outdoor and adventurous activities in a range of environments which present intellectual and physical challenges, and which encourage pupils to work in a team, building on trust and developing skills to solve problems, either individually or as a group. 		
Year	Term	Co	ntent
10	1 2 3	Volleyball Football Badminton Kinball Basketball Tennis	Handball Fitness/Wellbeing Netball Cricket OAA/Teambuilding Rounders
11	1 2 3	Volleyball Football Badminton Kinball Basketball Tennis	Handball Fitness/Wellbeing Netball Cricket OAA/Teambuilding Rounders

Subject area	Music		
Curriculum Intent	With an emphasis on musicality and practical music making, our course provides a contemporary, accessible, and creative education in music with an integrated approach to the three main elements – performing, composing, and appraising. Students are encouraged to be creative and to broaden their musical horizons and understanding with five areas of study as they explore musical context, language, performance, and composition. The specification is designed to appeal to, and cater for, a wide range of interests, instruments, personalities, and directions. It offers a range of opportunities to study diverse and traditional fields, with an integrated approach. We want to encourage students to experiment in their own performing, composing, and listening as well as develop interest in and enthusiasm for all aspects of their musical heritage. OCR'S GCSE (9–1) in Music will encourage learners to: • engage actively in the process of music study • develop performing skills individually and in groups to communicate musically with fluency and control of the resources used • develop composing skills to organise musical ideas and make use of appropriate resources • recognise links between the integrated activities of performing, composing, and appraising and how this informs the development of music • broaden musical experience and interests, develop imagination and foster creativity • develop knowledge, understanding and skills needed to communicate effectively as musicians • develop awareness of a variety of instruments, styles, and approaches to performing and composing • develop awareness of music technologies and their use in the creation and presentation of music • recognise contrasting genres, styles, and traditions of music, and develop some awareness of musical chronology • develop as effective and independent learners with enquiring minds • reflect upon and evaluate their own and others' music • engage with and appreciate the diverse heritage of music, to promote personal, social, intellectual, and cultur		
Year	Term Content		
	1	Theory - AOS4 Film Music & Computer Game Music – Half Term 1 Practical - Solo Performance Theory - AOS5 Conventions of Pop Music Half Term 2 Practical – Composition Preparation Skills	
10	2	Theory - AOS2 The Concerto Through Time – Half Term 3 Practical - Ensemble Performance Theory -AOS3 Rhythms of the World – Half Term 4 Practical – Composition Preparation	
	3	Practical - Solo Performance Rehearsal and Recordings Practical – Composition Preparation Skills Practical - Composition Preparation and Recording	
	1	Theory - AOS2 The Concerto Through Time – Half Term 1 Practical – Set Composition Preparation Skills Theory - AOS3 Rhythms of the World – Half Term 2 Practical - Ensemble Performance	
11	2	Theory - AOS4 Film Music & Computer Game Music – Half Term 3 Practical - Ensemble Performance and Recordings Theory - AOS5 Conventions of Pop Music Half Term 4 Practical - Composition Preparation and Recording	
	3	Theory – Examination Practice and Revision all AOS.	

Subject area	Drama			
Curriculum Intent	At Key Stage 4, in addition to continuing to develop and apply knowledge and skills from KS3, our Drama curriculum will give students the opportunity to: Participate in a range of performance genres. Explore the characteristics of performance texts. Understand the social, cultural and historical contexts of texts. Explore how meaning is interpreted and communicated to an audience. Learn how to commit dialogue to memory for devised performances and/or learn text performances Develop the ability to interpret and/or create and perform a character as appropriate to the demands of the performance. Develop a range of vocal skills and techniques e.g. clarity of diction, inflection, accent, intonation and phrasing; pace, pause and timing; projection, pitch; emotional range; song and/or choral speaking. Develop a range of physical skills and techniques e.g. movement, body language, posture, gesture, gait, co-ordination, stillness, timing, control; facial expression; eye contact, listening, expression of mood; spatial awareness; interaction with other performers; dance and choral movement. Use subject specific theatre terminology correctly and confidently. Understand the roles and responsibilities of theatre makers in contemporary professional practice Develop a written evaluative skill, embedded with subject specific language Appreciate live performance			
Year	Term	Content		
10	1 2 3	Comp 1: Section B – Blood Brothers – 6.3 Comp 2: Devising Drama – Exploration Comp 2: Devising Drama – Creating Comp 2: Devising Drama – Performing Comp 2: Devising Drama – Logbook		
11	1 2 3	Comp 1: Section B – Blood Brothers – 6.4 Comp 1: Section C - Live Theatre Review – Billy Elliot – The Boxing Scene Comp 1: Section C - Live Theatre Review – Billy Elliot – The Argument Scene Comp 3: Scripted Drama Comp 3: Scripted Drama Comp 1: Section B – Blood Brothers revision Comp 1: Section C - Live Theatre Review – Billy Elliot – The Letter Scene		

Subject area	Dance			
Curriculum Intent	At Key Stage 4, in addition to continuing to develop and apply knowledge and skills from KS3, our Dance curriculum will give students the opportunity to: Participate in a range of performances including a solo and group dance, demonstrating an understanding of different dance themes and tasks. Explore dance techniques through a variety of tasks, both independently and through group work. Understand the social, cultural and historical contexts of professional dance works understanding how we can apply these ideas to real life circumstances. Explore how professional dance is interpreted and communicated to an audience. Ecarn how to use movement memory to successfully create dance for a performance. Develop the ability to interpret, create and perform a dance as appropriate to the requirements of the performance. Develop a range of performance skills and demonstrate them during a solo and group performance. Be able to demonstrate the use of and understanding of; Physical skills, including: posture, alignment, balance, coordination, control, flexibility, mobility, strength, stamina, extension, isolation Technical skills, including: action content, dynamic content, spatial content, relationship content, timing content, rhythmic content, movement in a stylistically accurate way. Expressive skills, including: projection, focus, spatial awareness, facial expression, phrasing. Musicality, sensitivity to other dancers, communication of choreographic intent, including mood(s), meaning(s), idea(s), theme(s) and/or style/style fusion(s). Mental skills and attributes (during performance), including: movement memory, commitment, concentration, confidence. Use subject specific theatre terminology correctly and confidently. Demonstrate an analytical understanding of how choreographer's create dance and their choice of features of production including; costume, set design, lighting, music, choreography and dancers Develop a written evaluative skill, embedded with subject specific language			
Year	Term	Content		
10	1 2 3	Set Phrase Professional Works (2) Professional Works (1) Duet and Trio Duet and Trio Section A and B		
11	1 2 3	Choreography Comp 2: Professional Works (1) Choreography Comp 2: Professional Works (1) Comp 1: Revision		

KS4 – Homework at St. Julie's

Homework forms an integral part of students learning at St Julie's by enabling pupils to undertake independent learning to practice and consolidate skills, conduct in-depth inquiry, prepare for lessons or revise for exams. Homework is set regularly across each curriculum area in-line with curriculum content. Students are expected to record homework in their planners and complete outside of their normal lessons. Your daughter can complete homework at home or use the Learning Resource Centre.

	Platform/Activity	Website	Frequency
English	Reading Plus	www.readingplus.co.uk	Weekly
Maths	Sparx Maths	www.sparxmaths.uk	Weekly
Science (Combined, Triple)	Educake	www.educake.co.uk	Weekly
History	Spellings/reading/comprehension	Microsoft Teams and VLE	Weekly
Geography	Spellings/reading/comprehension	Microsoft Teams and VLE	Weekly
RE	Reading Activity	VLE	Weekly
Spanish	ActiveLearn Grammar practice	www.pearsonactivelearn.com Microsoft Teams	Weekly
Art	Research/practical tasks	VLE	2 per HT
DT	Research/theory practice	VLE	Fortnightly
PA	Practical skills/reading/theory practice	VLE	2 per HT
Business	Knowledge and case study questions	VLE	Weekly
Sociology	Knowledge and case study questions	VLE and Microsoft Teams	Weekly
Creative IMedia	Coursework/exam skills preparation	VLE	Weekly

The Learning Resources Centre will open to all pupils before school from 8 until 8.30am and after school from 3.15 until 5pm. In addition, the Learning Resource Centre is available for use by pupils at break and lunch times.

During this time pupils will have internet access from a PC using their school login details.

During break and lunchtimes our Pastoral Support Workers will be available to support pupils in accessing homework via online platforms in the STARS room, access to which can be given through referral.

KS4 – Contact Information



Curriculum Leaders

English: Mrs D Walker - <u>dwalker@stjulies.org.uk</u>

Maths: Miss M Naylor - mnaylor@stjulies.org.uk

Science: Mr J Magor - jmagor@stjulies.org.uk

RE: Mrs H Dunleavey - hdunleavey@stjulies.org.uk

MFL: Mrs J Davey - jdavey@stjulies.org.uk

Humanities: Miss J Rimmer - <u>jrimmer@stjulies.org.uk</u>

Performing Arts (including PE): Miss A Douglas -

adouglas@stjulies.org.uk

Art and Technology: Mrs A Bell - abell@stjulies.org.uk

Social Sciences and Computing: Mrs K Byrne -

kbyrne@stjulies.org.uk

SENDCo: Miss S Jackson - senco@stjulies.org.uk

Progress Leaders

Year 11: Miss E Murphy - emurphy@stjulies.org.uk

Year 10: Mrs K Monks - kmonks@stjulies.org.uk

Head of Middle School

Miss L Gawley – <u>lgawley@stjulies.org.uk</u>